System Architecture Support for Green Enterprise Computing

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Computing systems account for an estimated 13% of the electricity use of office buildings. [DoE]

This amounts to about 2% of the total electricity consumption in the US.



# Office PCs spend the majority of their time at very low CPU utilization.

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#### Percentile CPU

Machine	5	50	95	
Dell Optiplex 745	%		9%	58%
High-end custom-built	0%		1%	57%
Dell Precision T3400	0%		4%	29%
HP Pavillion Elite m9250f	0%		0%	25%
Dell Precision T3400	0%		%	13%
Dell Inspiron 530	%		١%	8%
Dell Precision T4300	0%		۱%	7%

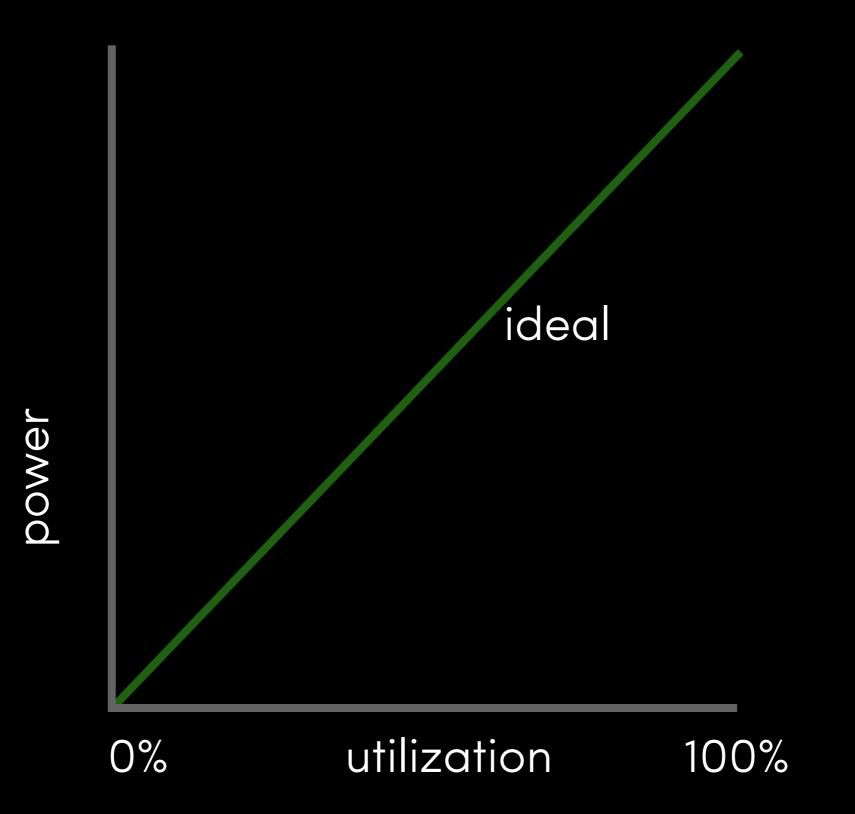
#### two-thirds of office PCs have CPU<10% 75% of the time

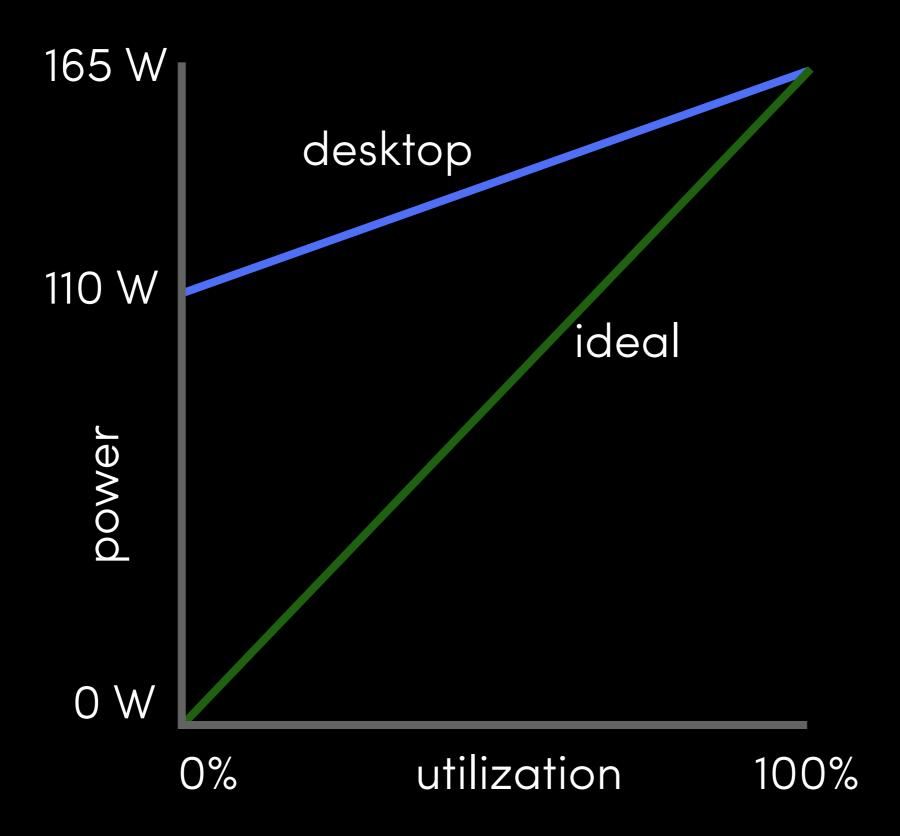
#### Why is low desktop utilization a problem?

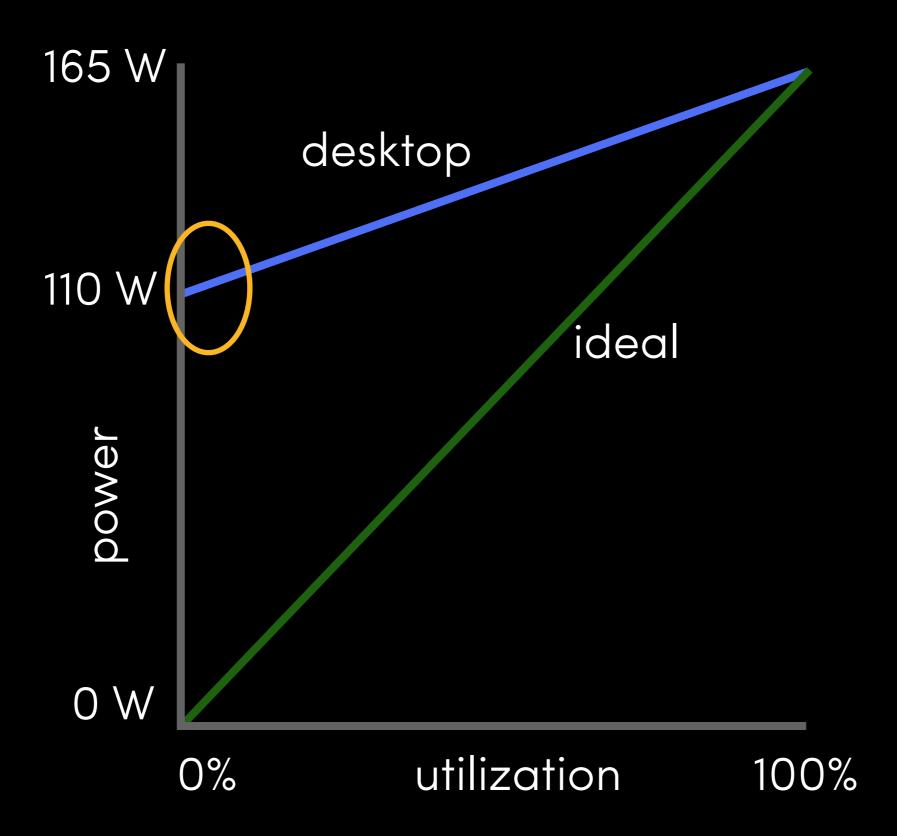
#### 2 What about other, greener hardware?

#### 3 A hybrid solution

#### 4 Takeways







#### Hardware is not power-proportional

SO

#### low utilization means a lot of waste.

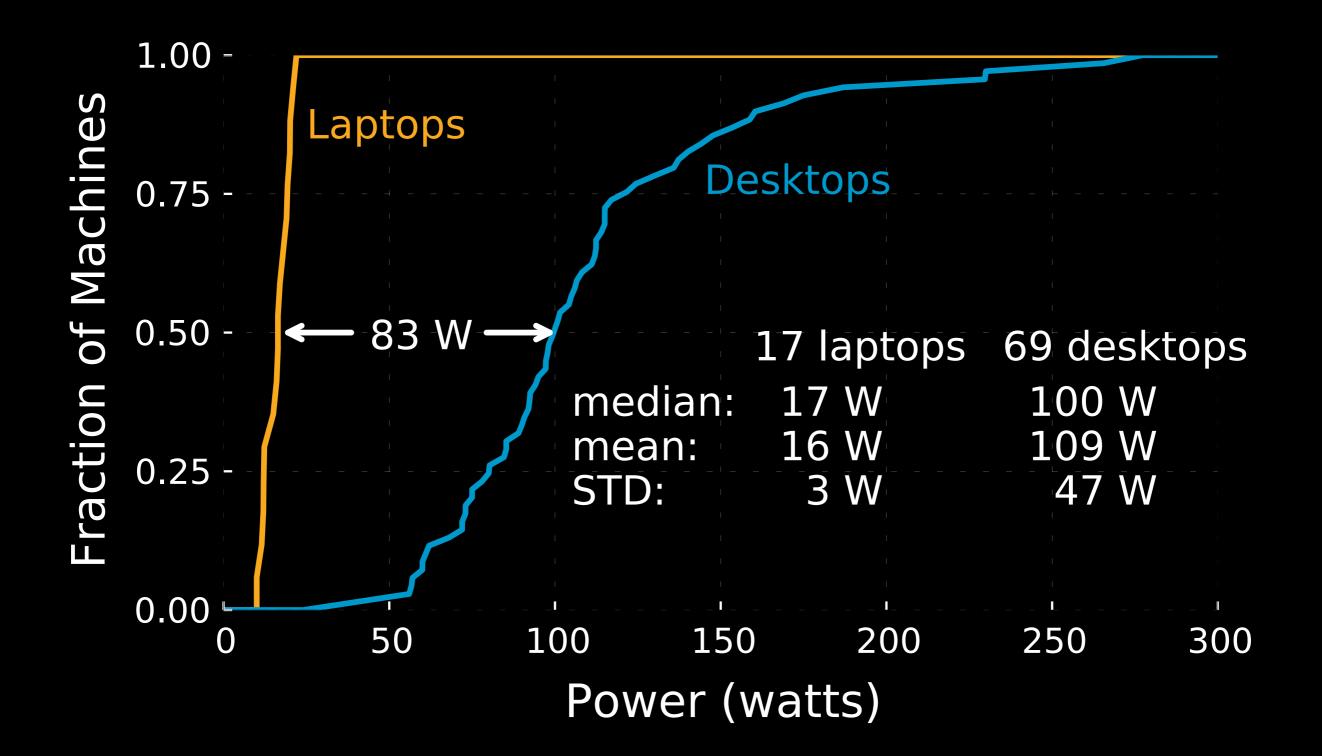
# Hardware: Thin Clients

No local compute resources Displays the GUI of a remote machine.

15-20 watts for client itself10-15 watts server share



## Hardware: Laptops



# Laptops performance << desktops

Thin Clients not suitable for all workloads

### Laptop power ~Thin Client power

#### 1 Why is low desktop utilization a problem?

#### 2 What about other, greener hardware?

#### 3 A hybrid solution

#### 4 Takeways

A hybrid compute architecture can save as much energy as a thin client without sacrificing performance.

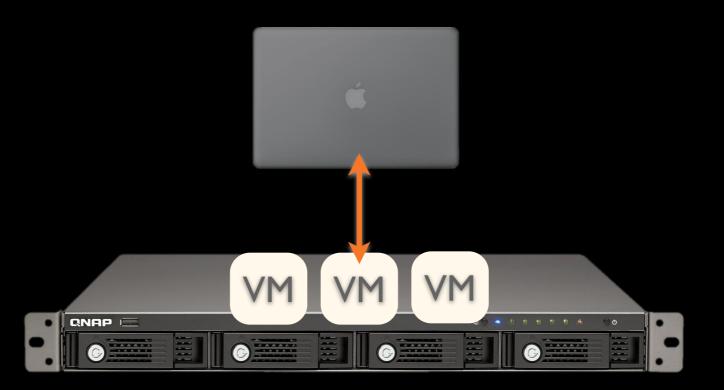


#### combines low-power clients

with a high-end shared server.

## Anyware

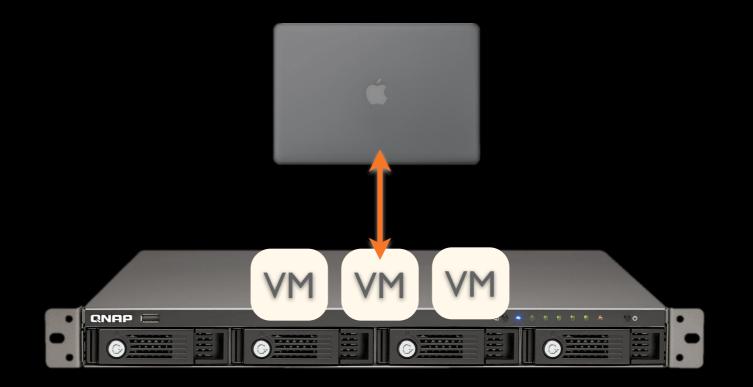
#### low-power client



#### high-end shared server

#### 1. Double-click to watch a video

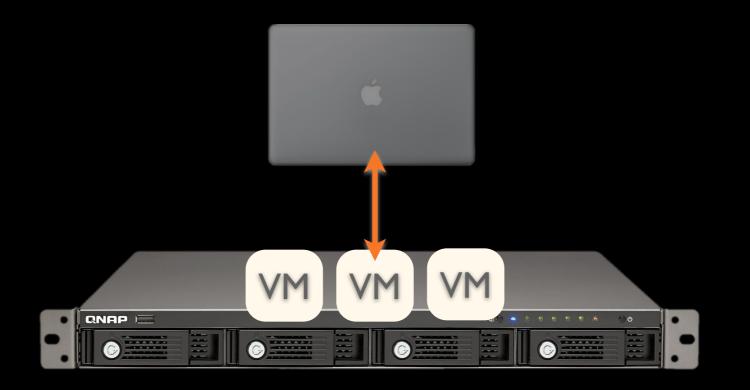




1. Double-click to watch a video



# 2. Decide to use local resources to play the video



1. Double-click to watch a video

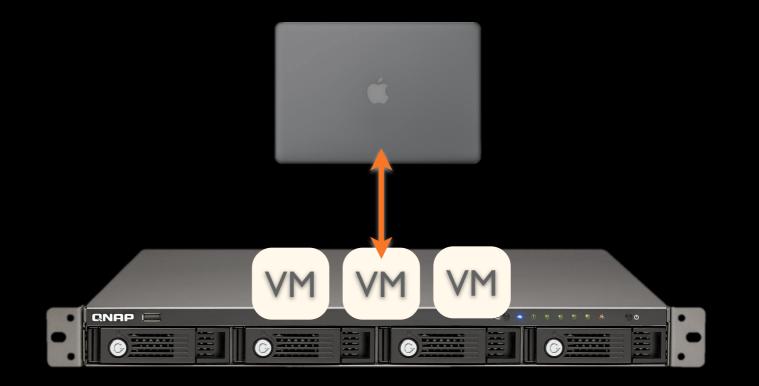


# 2. Decide to use local resources to play the video



#### 1. Double-click to edit an image

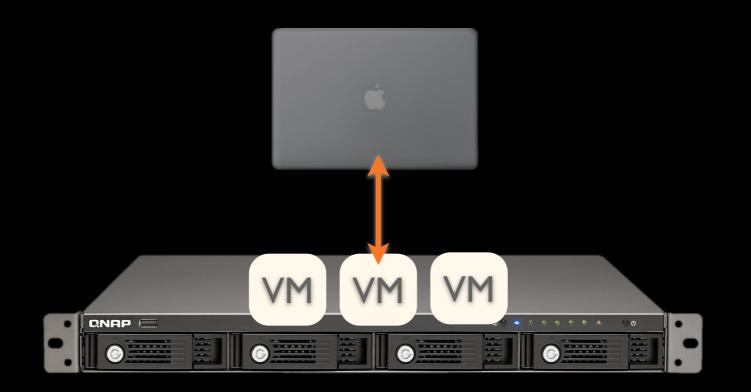




1. Double-click to edit an image

#### 2. Decide to offload the task

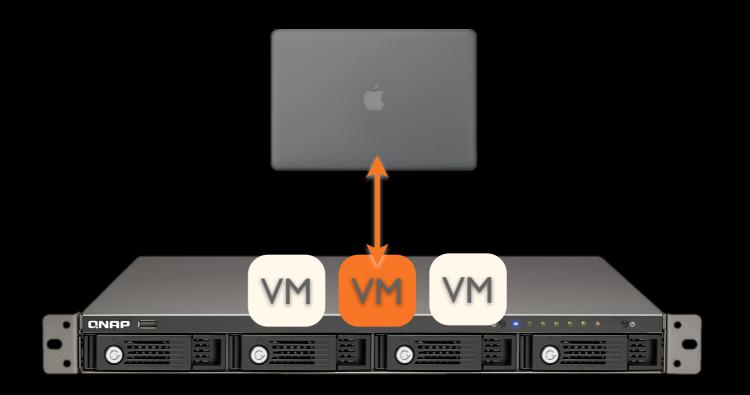




1. Double-click to edit an image

#### 2. Decide to offload the task





# How do we build Anyware so that

it is invisible to the user and it does not require application or OS changes and it is practical and easy to setup?



create a bare-bones VM that matches the client OS and architecture

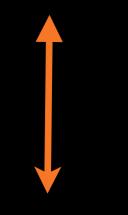


create a bare-bones VM that matches the client OS and architecture

connect the VM and client via SSH and export the VM windowing system



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identify files and folders that the client will export to the VM via a networked FS

Offload complete program execution.

Do so in user space by intercepting MIME type association.

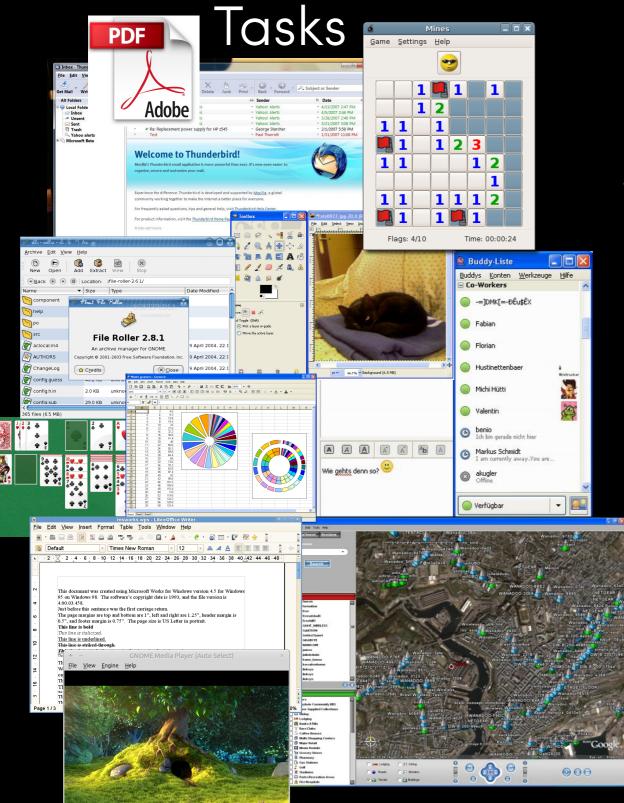
😣 Replace		
Search for:	=totem.desktop	•
Replace with:	= anyware.desktop	•

### But wait,

Who will decide where task are executed?

Will remote execution impact user experience?

# User Study



#### **Application Features**

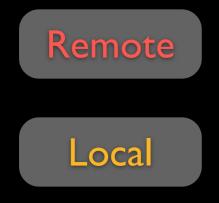
instructions executed
IPC
cache misses
X drawing calls
local: data read
remote: network data in/out

### Qualitative Results

From a user perspective, the majority of applications perform similarly, regardless of whether they run on a laptop or on a remove VM.

Tasks that are data— or graphics—heavy, have visibly worse performance when executed remotely.

A logistic regression model suggests a small set of workload features are indicative of where a task should be executed.



number of instructions
Mb sent from client to VM
Mb sent from VM to client
number of subprocesses

## Hardware Setup



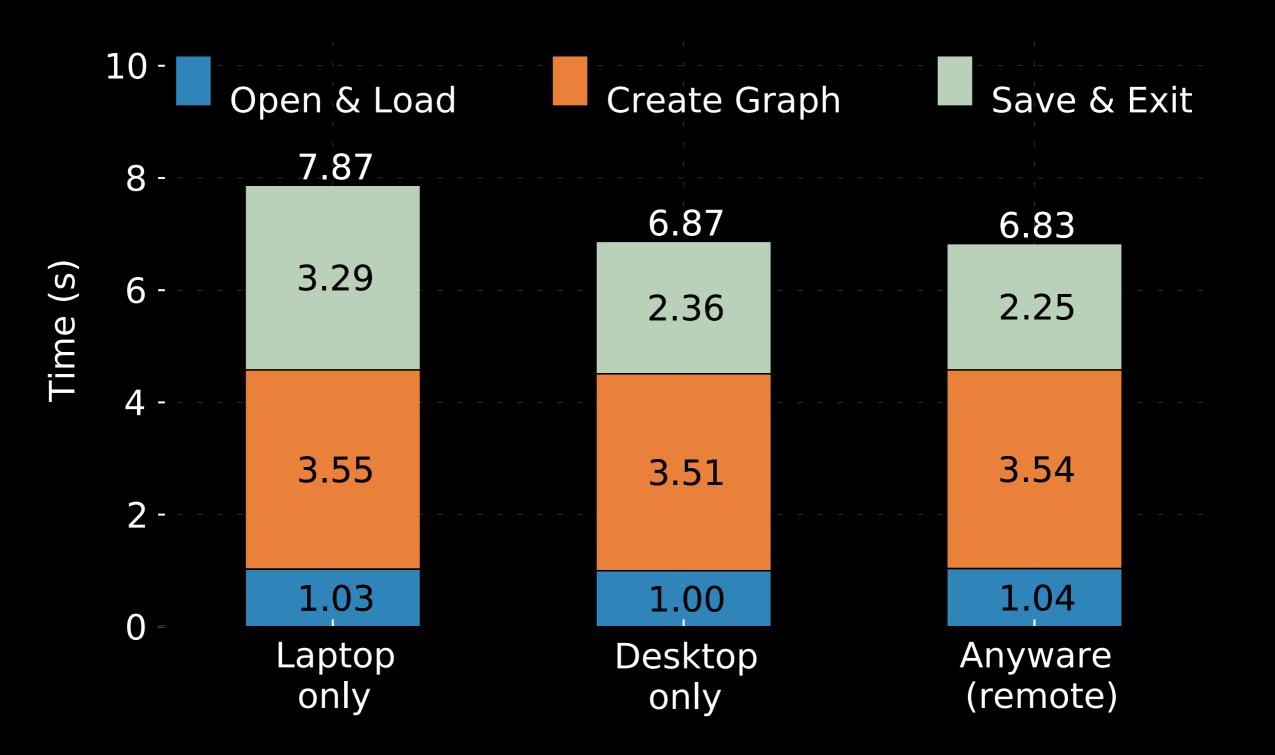
4-core, 2.4 GHz 4 GB RAM 256 GB SSD 2-core, 1.6 GHz 4 GB RAM 256 GB SSD



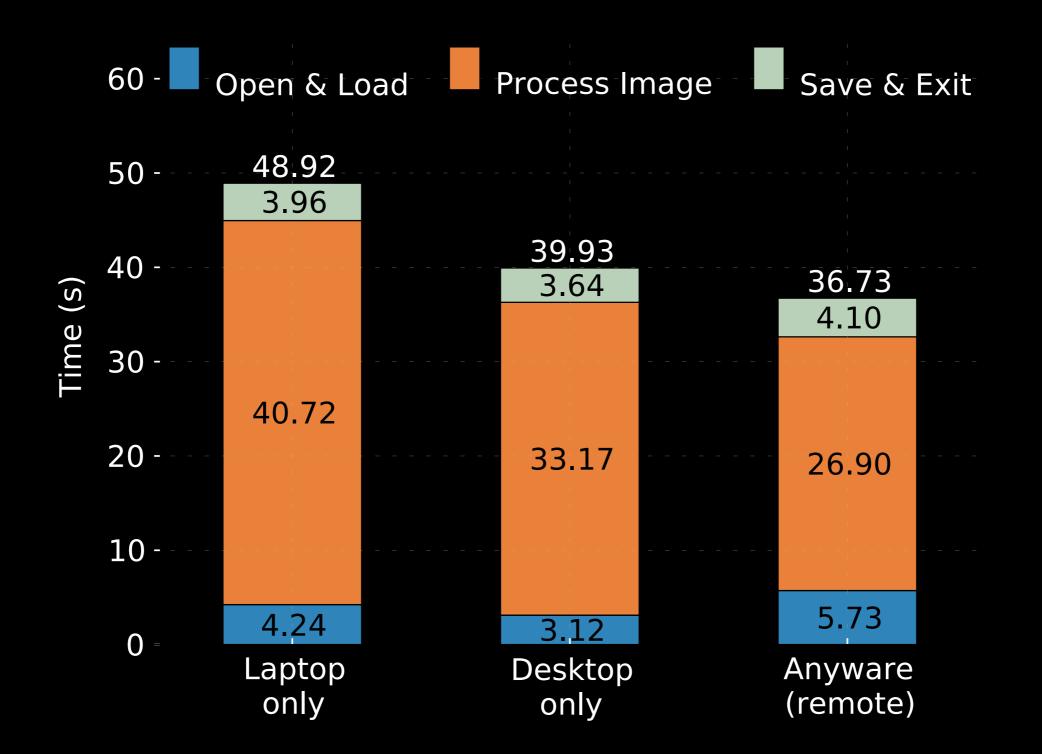
12-core, 3.0 GHz 48 GB RAM 7200 RPM HDD



## Spreadsheet Task



# Image-processing Task



# Text Edit Task

	3.0 - Open & Load		Edit-Text		Save & Exit		
	2.5	2.48		2.50		2.55	
(S)	2.0	1.18		1.18		1.15	
Time	1.5						
T		0.27		0.31		0.27	
	1.0						
	0.5	1.03		1.01		1.13	
	0.0 =	Laptop only		Desktop only		Anyware (remote)	



### A Video Workload

		Anyware		
	desktop	local	remote	
frames not displayed	0%	0%	32%	

### A Video Workload

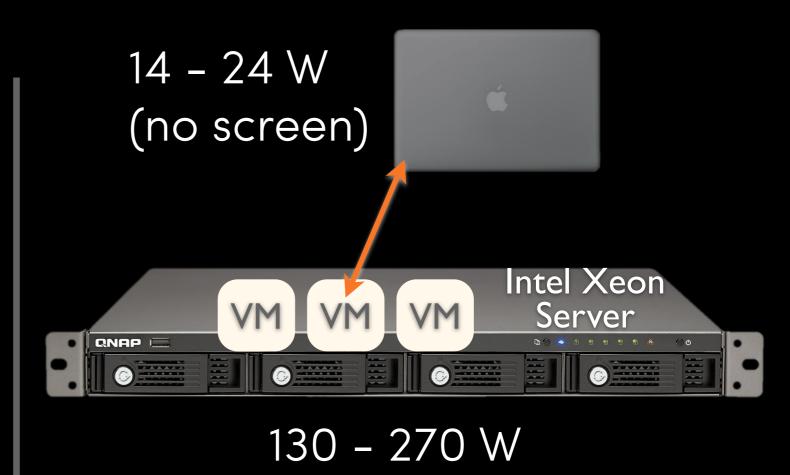
		Anyware	
	desktop	local	remote
frames not displayed	0%	0%	32%

#### Anyware will choose to run this locally

# Energy Evaluation

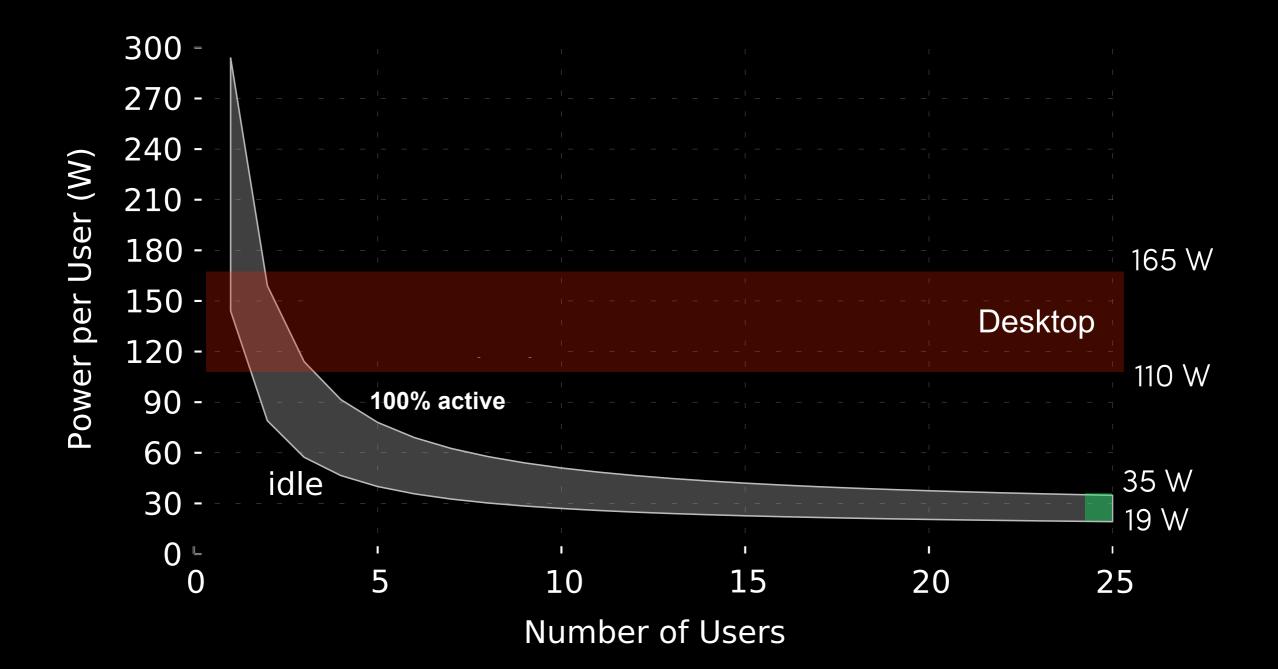


110 - 165 W

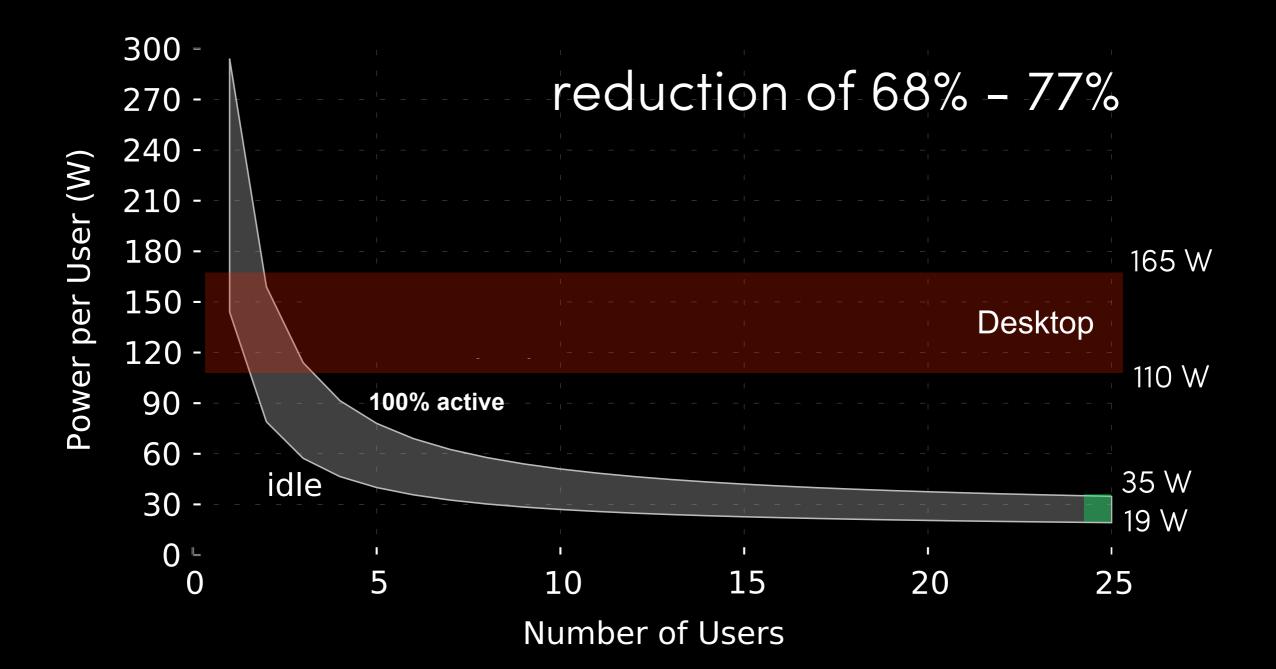




# Energy Evaluation



# Energy Evaluation



Anyware

# A practical system that uses established techniques

t0

provide performance comparable to that of desktops

while

reducing energy costs by ~70%

# Final Thoughts

The computing design space is large and the trade-off between power and performance is not linear.

# Final Thoughts

Time to rethink the needs of enterprise computers:

local: graphics, I/O, network, memory remote: cpu, memory